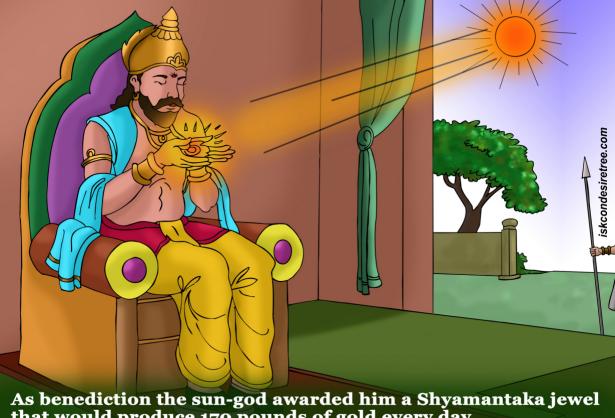
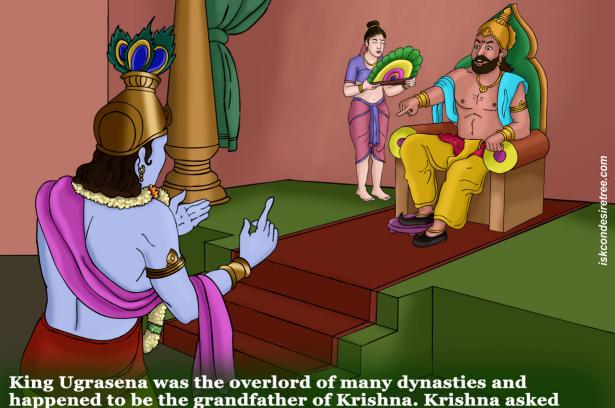




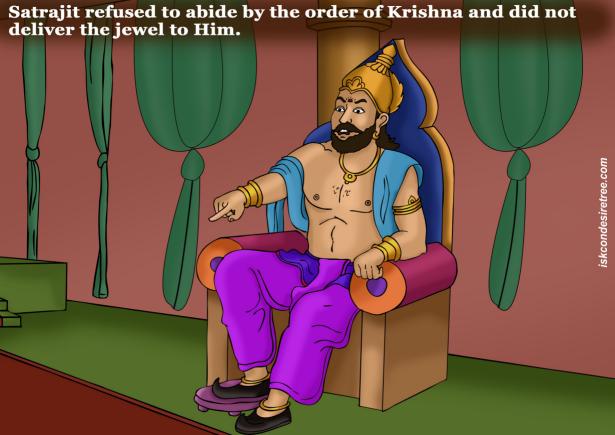
There was a king of the name Satrajit within the jurisdiction of Dvaraka-dhama. He was a great devotee of the sun-god.

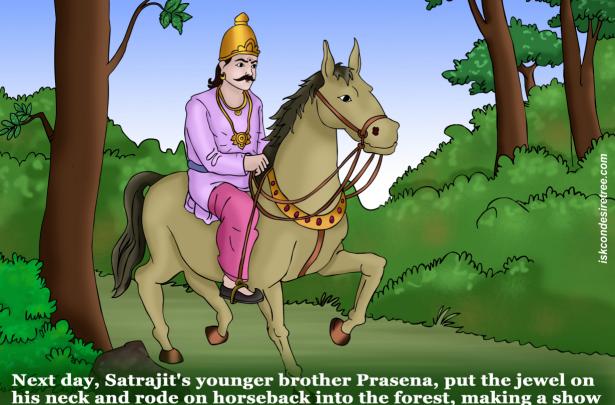


that would produce 170 pounds of gold every day.



Satrajit to present the Shyamantaka jewel to King Ugrasena.





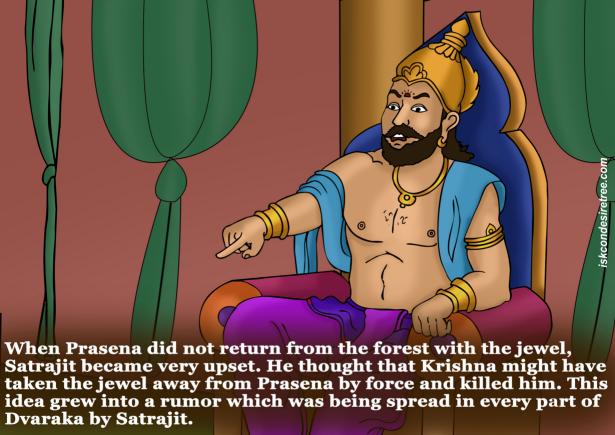
his neck and rode on horseback into the forest, making a show of his material opulence.

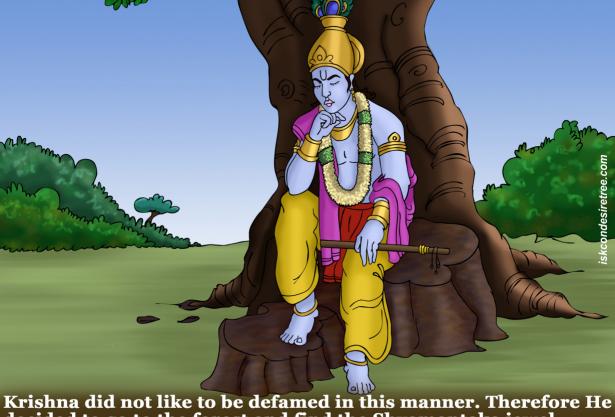




This news was received by the gorilla king, Jambavan, who killed the lion and took away the jewel.

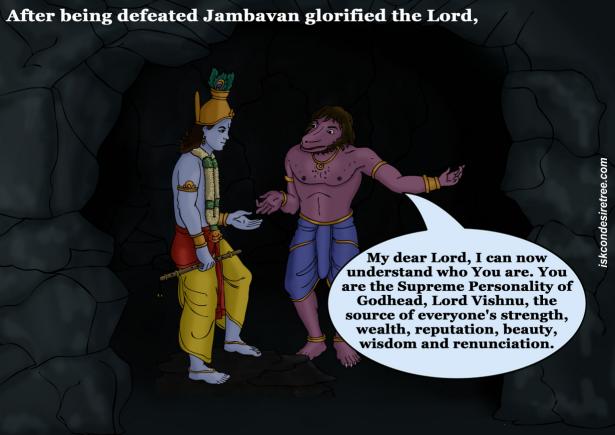
Jambavan had been a great devotee of the Lord, since the time of Lord Ramacandra. He did not take the valuable jewel as something he needed, so he gave it to his young son to play with it.

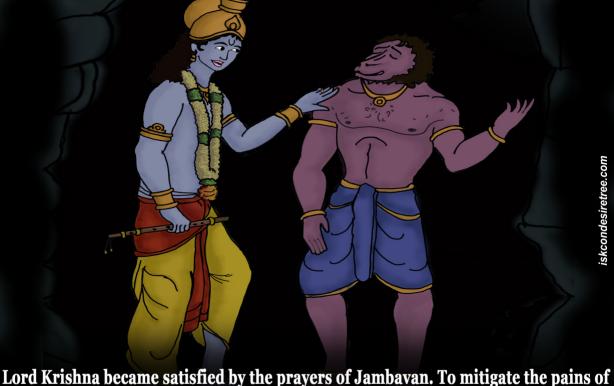




decided to go to the forest and find the Shyamantaka jewel.

Krishna reached Jambayan's cave. Jambayan first challenged Krishna to fight. There was a great fight between Krisna and Jambavan. They fought like two opposing vultures. The fighting continued for twenty-eight days.





Lord Krishna became satisfied by the prayers of Jambavan. To mitigate the pains of his body, He began to smear his lotus palm all over the body of Jambavan. Jambavan at once felt relieved from the fatigue of the great fight.

Jambavan immediately delivered the Shyamantaka jewel to satisfy the Lord. He also gave his daughter, Jambavati's hand, in marriage to Lord Krishna.



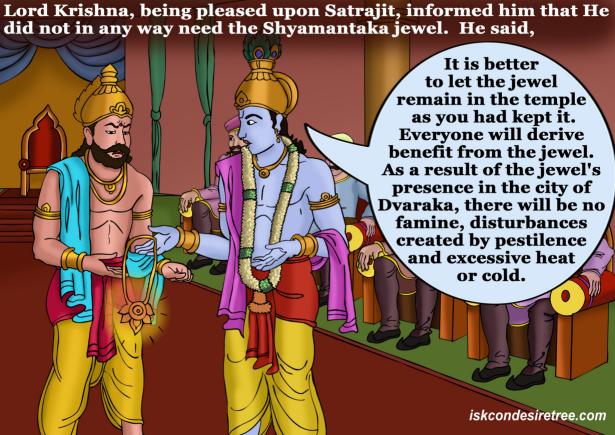
King Ugrasena called for a meeting of all important kings and chiefs. He also invited Satrajit. In that assembly Krishna explained the whole incident of the recovery of Shyamantaka jewel from Jambavan.

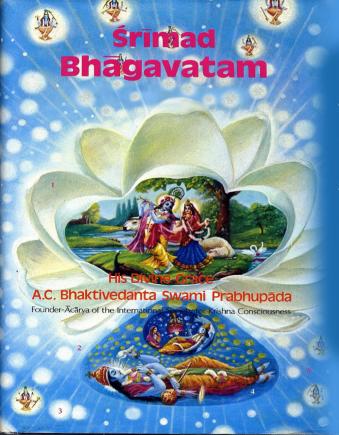
Krishna wanted to return the valuable jewel to King Satrajit. Satrajit, however, became ashamed as he had unnecessarily defamed Krishna. He accepted the jewel in his hand but remained silent, bending his head downwards.





Satrajit was truly afflicted by the offense he had committed towards Krishna. He sincerely wanted to rectify it. From within, Krishna gave him good intelligence. Hence, Satrajit decided to hand over to Krishna both the jewel and his beautiful daughter, Satyabhama.





Benediction

This story of shyamantaka jewel is very significant. In the Srimad Bhagvatam it is said that anyone who hears the story of the shyamantaka jewel or describes it or simply remembers it will be free from all kinds of defamation and the reactions of all the impious activites and thus will attain the highest perfectional condition of peace.

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